

Short Course Treatment for Patients Diagnosed with MDR/RR-TB

Does the patient meet **ALL** of the following conditions?

- Has not previously been treated with second line TB drugs for greater than one month;
- The *M. tb* isolate is proven, or thought likely, to be susceptible to all medications in the regimen and to at least the fluoroquinolones and second line injectable agents;
- Has been diagnosed with pulmonary TB*; **AND**
- The patient is not pregnant or breastfeeding.

Yes

Short Course (2 phases)

Initial Phase

Four months[#]

- ✓ High dose moxifloxacin
- ✓ Kanamycin
- ✓ Ethionamide
- ✓ Clofazimine
- ✓ High dose INH
- ✓ PZA and ethambutol

Adverse Reactions,
Treatment Failure,
Interruption > 2 months

Continuation Phase

Five Months

- ✓ High dose moxifloxacin
- ✓ Clofazimine
- ✓ PZA and ethambutol

No

Conventional Treatment

*Not recommended for extra-pulmonary TB

[#]Can be extended to six months if sputum conversion is slow