

# **Pulmonary Fascinomas w/ a Tuberculous Attitude**

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# Objectives

- Review challenging and atypical presentation of pulmonary TB
- Discuss diagnostic approach and treatment that seem most appropriate
- Help me & (some) learners identify missed opportunities

# Disclaimers

- I am from Iowa...More Hogs than people...& TB
- TB has remained a hobby since medical school
- Purpose: share unique cases, which I found educational
- I encourage your input...Learn from each other

# Cases...

- Don't be so negative
- Xpert by a non-Expert
- NTM dancing on the edge



## Healthy but abnormal...

40 yo M referred to lung CA clinic to eval incidental RUL nodules seen on chest CT 5 months prior. No symptoms

PMH: Gallstone pancreatitis 6 mos prior; Hyperlipidemia; DM II (on insulin, HbA1C 8.3-15, I&D diabetic foot); Ruptured apy/drain 5 years prior

SH: No EtOH, Smoking, Illicit drugs; Computer Engineer; Came to US from India >20 yrs ago; HIV neg

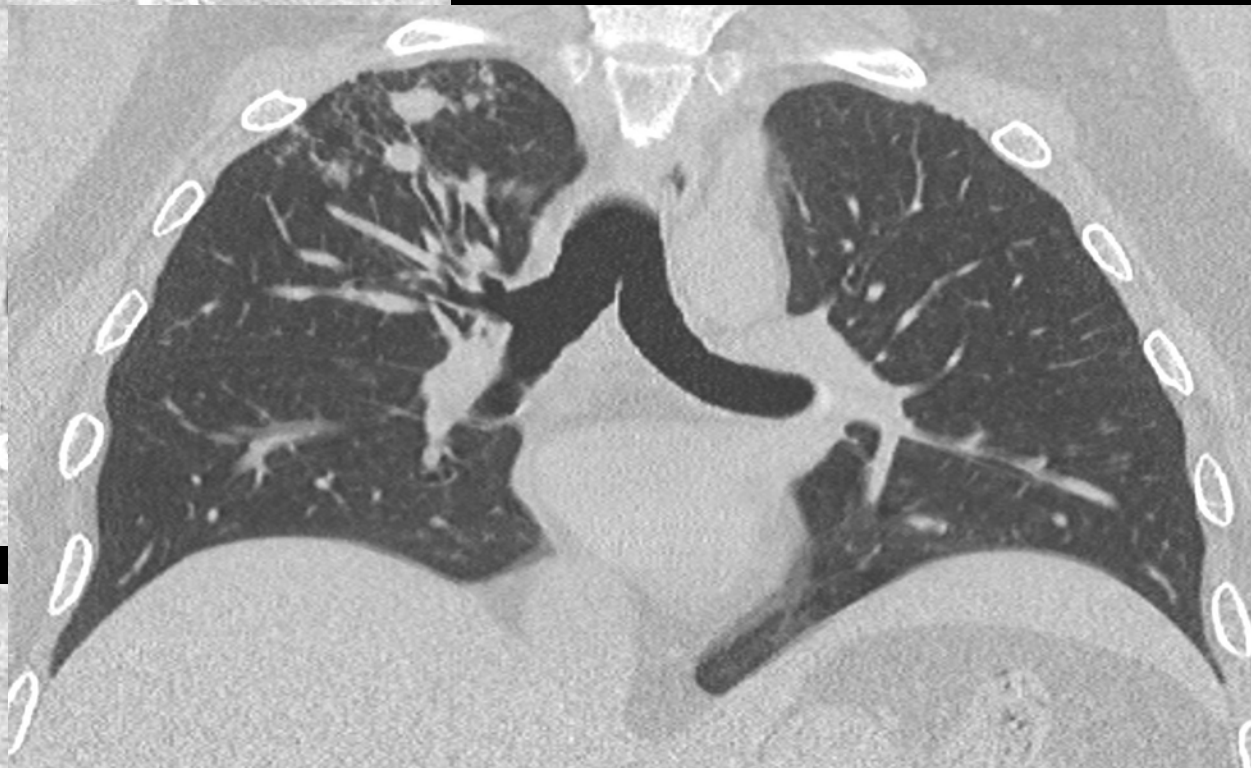
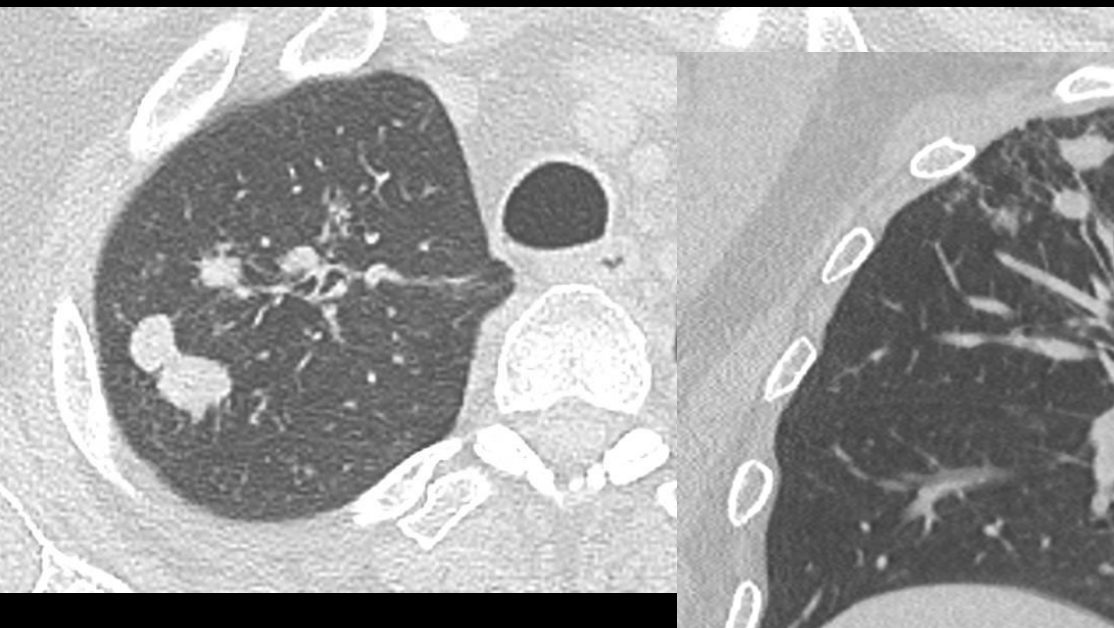
Exam unremarkable

Chest CT: RUL nodules unchanged from 5 months previous, but concern for infection > malignancy

QFT-G neg; Histo & Blasto Ag/serology negative

AM sputum for AFB x3 sent...

**All AFB smear neg, 1/3 grows *M. gordonae*  
MD calls me: Is this NTM infection?**



Non-Calcified nodules x4 RUL  
Adjacent tree-in-bud nodularity  
No mediastinal adenopathy  
No appreciable evolution x5 mos

# IGRA Negative (or Positive?)

QuantIFERON-TB Gold Plus	Ref Range & Units	1 mo ago
	Negative	Negative
The reference range for the 'TB1 Ag minus Nil' and 'TB2 Ag minus Nil Result' is an Interferon level <0.35 IU/mL.		
TB1 Antigen minus Nil Result	IU/mL	0.97
TB2 Antigen minus Nil Result	IU/mL	0.97
Mitogen minus Nil result	IU/mL	0.97
Nil	IU/mL	7.20

## Package Insert Interpretation

Nil (IU/ml)	TB1 minus Nil (IU/ml)	TB2 minus Nil (IU/ml)	Mitogen minus Nil (IU/ml)*	QFT-Plus Result	Report/interpretation
≤8.0	≥0.35 and ≥25% of Nil	Any	Any	Positive†	M. tuberculosis infection likely
	Any	≥0.35 and ≥25% of Nil			
	<0.35 or ≥0.35 and <25% of Nil	<0.35 or ≥0.35 and <25% of Nil	≥0.50	Negative	M. tuberculosis infection NOT likely
	<0.35 or ≥0.35 and <25% of Nil	<0.35 or ≥0.35 and <25% of Nil	<0.50	Indeterminate†	Likelihood of M. tuberculosis infection cannot be determined
>8.0§	Any				

## Other Interpretations

- Nil at 7.2, much higher than norm...lymphs constitutively cranking out lots of IF- $\gamma$ .  
PI: Nil >1 very uncommon across low risk, mixed risk & culture positive populations.
- Mitogen response = 8.17, minimally > nil...lymphs maxed out at baseline, minimal additional IF- $\gamma$  when stimulated. PI: Healthy lymphs hit >10 IU/ml post mitogen stimulation
- Both TB1 & TB2 produced 8.17 as did mitogen control....If TB1 & TB2 tubes equal to the positive control, could test be considered positive?
- Alternatively, Lymphs little left to give under any stimulus, one can't rely results of stimulation...However PI shows mitogen-nil < 1.0 happens only in the group that has active TB...With my TB clinician hat on, this suggest it might turn out to be active TB

# More Questions than Answers

- How many have seen this type of negative QFT-G result?  
How many would repeat the QFT-G?
- RUL pulmonary nodules/Tree-in-Bud...Is this a case of smoldering subclinical TB?
- What would you do next?
- Patient refused to return for Bronch/BAL
- ...I think I will meet him some day



# Cases...

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# TM, TB & MUM

25 yo asymptomatic M w/positive IGRA (screening) & abnormality flagged on CXR. Denies BCG, family w active TB, exposure to anyone w/ TB

PMH: COVID19 6 mos prior, no residual. Fully immunized

SH: No EtOH, Smoking, illicit drugs; Business graduate student; Came to US from Myanmar fall 2021; HIV neg

Exam unremarkable

3 AM sputa submitted: AFB smear neg, 2 Xpert neg (ultimately 1 culture grew *M. arupense*)

Chest x-ray...



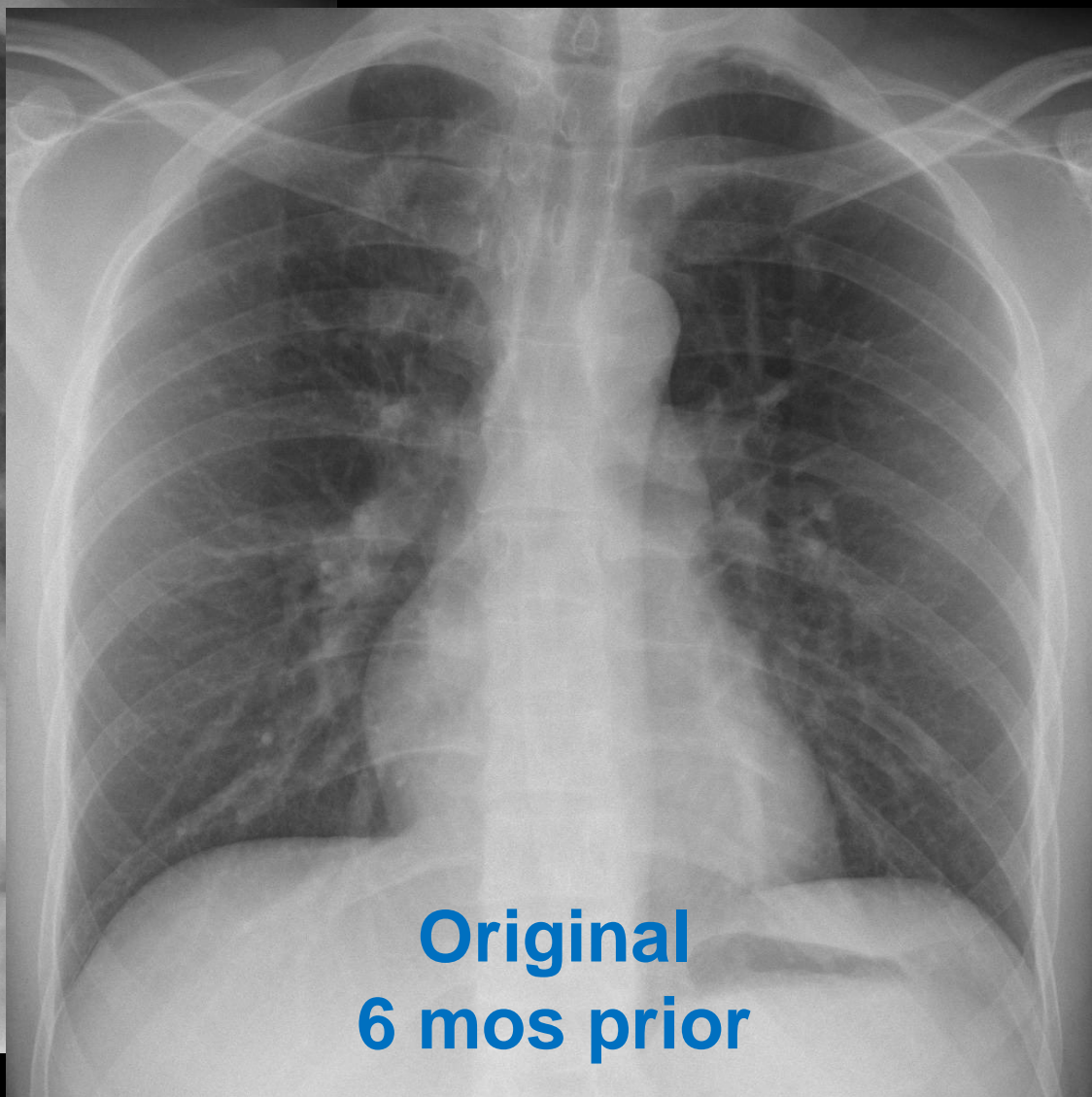
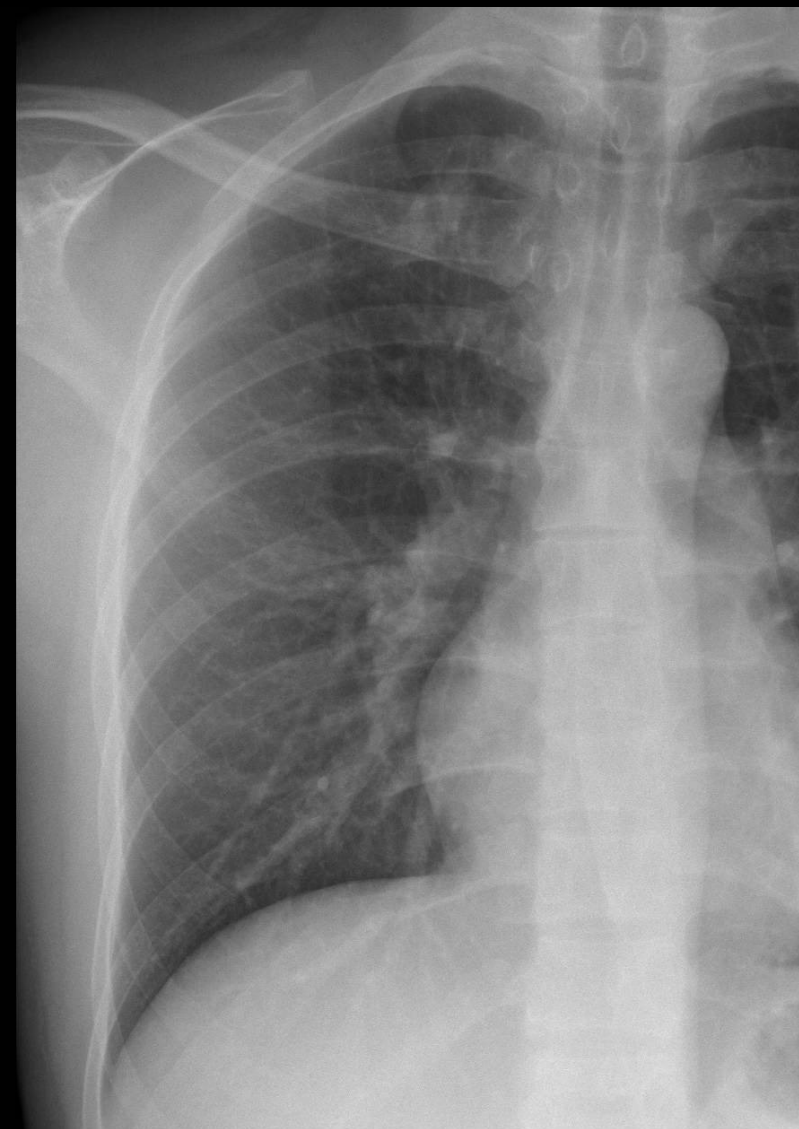
Non-Calcified RUL 3.5 x 2 cm mass  
a/w tip of 1<sup>st</sup> rib (?)  
Apical Lordotic view, no longer  
visible...vascular asymmetry (?)  
No mediastinal adenopathy

## Subsequently...

- Dx: LTBI
- Rx: RIF x 4 months
- Month 4: asymptomatic random bloody cough (neg COVID-19/ RVP PCR)

## What now?

- Isolation, sputum AFB smear, Xpert & culture x 3
- Bleeding leading to cough once every few days
- Chest X-ray...



**Original**  
**6 mos prior**

## More data...

- All 3 sputa AFB smear negative
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Xpert specimen: TB pos & RIF resistant (others neg)

## What now?

- MDDR (CDC): Insufficient DNA in sample
- 2nd week: No symptoms, rare bleeding & 3 AFB smear, Xperts negative; Nothing growing in early cultures
- Low bacterial load...could this be false RIF resistance?

# Xpert by a Non-Expert

- Ct = Cycle Threshold
  - # PCR cycles to amplify MTB DNA to detectable level
  - Semi-quantitative cycle # (eg, Hi Ct<16, Vy Low >28)
- Overlapping PCR probes (A-E) target 81 bp Rifampin Resistance Determining Region (RRDR) of *rpoB* gene
  - Ct variation <2 for all 5 probes: TB detected
  - Ct diff hi & low probes >4: *rpoB* mutation, RIF resistant
- This patient's probes:
  - A 31.4, B 30.6, C 30.6; Valid if Ct not >39
  - D 31.3, E 0.0 (no threshold crossing...); Valid if Ct not >36
  - MTB pos: Ct w/in valid range & smallest delta Ct any probes <2
  - Delta hi and low (30.6 – 0) > 4...RIF resistant
  - Does E 0.0 count? Meets only one of 2 criteria to be called Indeterminate

# Presumed TB, Possibly MDRTB

Treatment initiated based on MDRTB guidelines

- Linezolid
- Moxifloxacin
- Cycloserine
- Bedaquiline
- Clofazimine

**Awaiting culture & subsequent MDDR**



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# Lady doth protest...

- 81 yo woman with gradual deterioration over 6 months since prior hospitalization for R sided pneumonia
- Persistent, non-productive cough, poor appetite, weight loss ~ 10#, fatigue, no fevers or night sweats...Primary MD started Prednisone 20 mg daily 2 weeks previous
  - Admitted from ER again for RML CAP: moxifloxacin IV
  - PMH: Hypertension; Meds: Metoprolol
  - SHx: Life long nonsmoker, No EtOH/substance abuse/HIV RF
  - FHx: Sibling died from Pancreatic Ca
  - Exam: Cachectic, frail, elderly woman w/ no other remarkable findings
  - Labs: WBC 12.6
  - X-rays...



**Radiologist comment besides RML disease, stable findings compared to Chest x-ray 6 months earlier...**



# Summary of Radiographs

- Chest x-ray stable abnormal, other than progressive RML changes
- Chest CT:
  - No cavity in upper lobes (or anywhere)... however evidence for nodular bronchiectasis
  - RML & RLL nodular & atelectatic bronchiectasis w/ compensatory hyperinflation of L lung
  - Mediastinal LN enlarged...1.5 x 1.5 cm sub-carinal LN (not calcified, contrast enhancing vessel w/in)

## ...More Data

TST negative & sputum AFB smear positive

**Most likely diagnosis?**

**Nodular Bronchiectasis in elderly female...**

Scenario 1: Bronchiectasis (nodular), no cavity,  
AFB smear positive, PCR pending

- Isolate in home and initiate TB treatment, OR
- Await PCR result, then treat accordingly, OR
- Initiate MAC treatment, OR
- Call pulmonary for bronchoscopy, OR...

# What about?...

TST negative & sputum AFB smear positive

**Most likely diagnosis?**

**Nodular Bronchiectasis in elderly female...**

Scenario 2: Bronchiectasis (nodular), no cavity, AFB smear positive, PCR negative

- Isolate in home, initiate TB treatment, await more data, OR
- Anticipate MAC, expand bronchial clearance, improve nutrition, initiate guideline based treatment for MAC, OR
- Call pulmonary for bronchoscopy, OR...

**Actual story: Hispanic female (IA x 9 yrs), PCR & culture pan-susceptible *M tuberculosis*, started HRZE plus Enhanced nutrition & Bronchial Clearance Improving...**

## ...More Data

1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> month AFB sputum smear/culture neg, then  
3<sup>rd</sup> month AFB smear neg, culture positive, PCR neg:

- Patient doing well, culture grows MAC
  - Continue TB Rx & ignore MAC, OR
  - Continue TB Rx & expand bronchial clearance (ie, add neb 7% NaCl), OR
  - As above & add macrolide, OR
  - Call pulmonary for bronchoscopy, OR...
- Patient doing well, culture grows *M abscessus* subsp *abscessus*
  - Continue TB Rx & ignore NTM, OR
  - Continue TB Rx & expand bronchial clearance, OR
  - As above & add guideline based Rx for M abscessus, OR
  - Call pulmonary for bronchoscopy, OR...



# On the Edge: TB <--> NTM

- Few references...Most are laboratory analysis of co-cultures TB w NTM & minimal clinical detail
- Differentiating TB from NTM cavitory disease utilizing CT image analysis tools promising (Yan et al *BMC Pulm Med* 22(4) 2022)
- How common is non-cavitory TB among patients with bronchiectasis (nodular)?
  - A/w regions where TB more highly endemic?
  - Consider lab cross-contamination
  - Other factors?
- Active TB on treatment & NTM isolated from sputum
  - Few references...Most are laboratory analyses of co-cultures TB & NTM with minimal clinical detail
  - Cavitory cases, TB Rx not altered. Afterward f/u recommended, progression rare...
  - In bronchiectasis, is this more likely co-infection? Manage differently than cavitory?